

United States Patent and Trademark Office

w

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION	NO. F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/688,087	1	10/16/2003	J. Elon Graves	23236-07266	9070	
758	7590	05/26/2005		EXAM	INER	
	CK & WES		MARTINEZ, JOSEPH P			
SILICON VALLEY CENTER 801 CALIFORNIA STREET ART UNIT				PAPER NUMBER		
MOUNT	TAIN VIEW,	CA 94041		2873		
				DATE MAILED: 05/26/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)					
Office A	10/688,08		GRAVES ET AL.						
0007		Examiner		Art Unit					
The MAILIN	Joseph P.		orrespondence address						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status			,						
1) Responsive	to communication(s) filed on	21 March 2005.							
2a) ☐ This action is									
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims									
4a) Of the ab 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> 7) ☑ Claim(s) <u>9-1</u>	4) Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-8,12-17 and 28 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 9-11 and 18-27 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Application Papers									
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 16 October 2003 is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119									
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
·	n's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 e Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D: 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/688,087

Art Unit: 2873

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-4, 7, 8, 12-17 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LaFiandra (6011639 or '639) in view of LaFiandra (5745278 or '278).

Re claims 1, 16 and 28, '639 teaches for example in fig. 3 and 4, an adaptive optics system and a method of manufacturing a deformable mirror comprising: a deformable mirror (44) having a reflective surface (43) and an electrode surface (45, col. 4, ln. 10), the electrode surface including a plurality of electrodes (10), the reflective surface configured to deform responsive to an electric potential on one or more of the electrodes (col. 4, ln. 27-32); an insulating layer (col. 3, ln. 58) formed on the electrode surface of the deformable mirror, the insulating layer exposing at least a portion of the electrodes (col. 3, ln. 58-60 and col. 3, ln. 21-29); and a plurality of conductive wires (49) formed on the insulating layer, each conductive wire coupling an electrode (10) to a perimeter region (at 51) of the deformable mirror.

But, '639 fails to explicitly teach a plurality conductive traces.

Application/Control Number: 10/688,087

Art Unit: 2873

However, within the same field of endeavor, '278 teaches for example in fig. 1 and 6, a plurality of conductive traces (54, col. 3, ln. 14-18)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of '639 with the plurality of traces of '278 in order to ease mass production manufacturing, as taught by '278 (col. 3, In. 12-19).

Re claim 12, '639 teaches for example in fig. 3 and 4, a deformable mirror for an adaptive optics system, the mirror comprising: a reflective surface (43) having a central region for receiving light; an electro-restrictive material (20, 22) configured to deform responsive to an electric potential (col. 4, ln. 22-32), wherein a deformation of the electro-restrictive material causes the reflective surface to deform (col. 4, ln. 22-32); a plurality of electrodes (10) coupled to the electro-restrictive material (20, 22), each electrode for providing an electrical potential (via 32) to a portion of the electro-restrictive material; and a plurality of conductive wires (32), each conductive wire electrically coupling (col. 4, ln. 14-16) an electrode to a perimeter region (at 51) of the deformable mirror.

But, '639 fails to explicitly teach a plurality conductive traces.

However, within the same field of endeavor, '278 teaches for example in fig. 1 and 6, a plurality of conductive traces (54, col. 3, ln. 14-18).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of '639 with the plurality of traces

Art Unit: 2873

of '278 in order to ease mass production manufacturing, as taught by '278 (col. 3, In. 12-19).

Re claims 2 and 3, '639 further teaches for example in fig. 3 and 4, the deformable mirror (44) comprises an electro-restrictive or piezoelectric material (20, 22) that deforms responsive to an electrical field caused by an electric potential on one or more of the electrodes (col. 4, In. 22-25).

Re claims 4 and 17, '639 teaches for example in fig. 3 and 4, each conductive wire (49) is coupled to at the perimeter region (at 51) of the mirror.

But, '639 fails to explicitly teach a plurality of conductive traces and a bonding pad.

However, '639 teaches the use of connectors (51). Furthermore, within the same field of endeavor, '278 teaches for example in fig. 1 and 6, a plurality of conductive traces (54, col. 3, ln. 14-18) and teaches that the "electrical connection can be made at the end of the each actuator array block" (col. 3, ln. 18-19), wherein the office interprets the teachings to be equivalent to a bonding pad.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of '639 with the plurality of traces and bonding pads of '278 in order to ease mass production manufacturing, as taught by '278 (col. 3, In. 12-19).

Re claims 7, and 13-15, '639 further teaches for example in fig. 3 and 4, the perimeter region of the mirror corresponds to an edge of the mirror (at 51), a region of the mirror that does not substantially deform (at 51, wherein the office interprets the edge of the mirror of fig. 4 to disclose missing electrodes at the periphery of the mirror and therefore, does not substantially deform at that location) or outside the placement of electrodes (at 51, wherein the office interprets the edge of the mirror of fig. 4 to disclose missing electrodes at the periphery of the mirror).

Re claim 8, '639 further teaches for example in fig. 3 and 4, a circuit board (col. 4, In. 22, wherein the office interprets control electronics to disclose the claimed limitation) having plurality of conductors thereon (inherent to the circuit board, as is known in the art), each of the conductors for providing an electric potential (via 32) to an electrode (10) for deforming the deformable mirror (col. 3, In. 60-62); and a strip connector (51) coupled between the circuit board and the deformable mirror (col. 4, In. 15-16), the strip connector including a plurality of conductors (32) for electrically coupling the conductors on the circuit board to corresponding conductive traces (49) on the insulating layer of the deformable mirror (col. 4, In. 23-25).

2. Claims 5 and 6 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over LaFiandra (6011639 or '639) in view of LaFiandra (5745278 or '278) further in view of Gee et al. (20020131146).

Application/Control Number: 10/688,087 Page 6

Art Unit: 2873

Re claims 5 and 6, '639 in view of '278 teach for example, conductive traces as previously disclosed.

But, '639 in view of '278 fail to explicitly teach a protective coating covering at least a portion of the conductive traces, wherein the protective coating comprises a dielectric material.

However, within the same field of endeavor, Gee et al. teaches for example, electrodes couple to lines which couple to drive circuitry (para. 0036), including a protective coating (para. 0036) covering at least a portion of the conductive traces (para. 0036), wherein the protective coating comprises a dielectric material (para. 0036).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of '639 in view of '278 with the protective coating of Gee et al. in order to provide protection, as taught by Gee et al. (para. 0036)

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-8, 12-17 and 28 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant's arguments, see p. 10, filed 3-21-05, with respect to claim 9 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claim 9 has been withdrawn.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 9-11 and 18-27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art taken alone or in combination fails to anticipate or fairly suggest the limitations of the claims, in such a manner that a rejection under 35 USC 102 or 103 would be proper. The prior art fails to teach a combination of all the claimed features as presented in dependent claims 9, 10, 11 and 18.

Specifically regarding claim 9, LaFiandra (6011639) teaches the state of the art of an adaptive optics system.

But, LaFiandra fails to explicitly teach a zebra strip connector, as claimed.

Specifically regarding claim 10, LaFiandra (6011639) teaches the state of the art of an adaptive optics system.

But, LaFiandra fails to explicitly teach the bonding pads of the mirror and circuit board form a generally circular pattern corresponding to each other at the perimeter region of the mirror, as claimed.

Specifically regarding claim 11, LaFiandra (6011639) teaches the state of the art of an adaptive optics system.

Application/Control Number: 10/688,087 Page 8

Art Unit: 2873

But, LaFiandra fails to explicitly teach a retaining plate mechanically coupled to the circuit board for providing a compressive force on the strip connector between the deformable minor and the circuit board; and a resilient element disposed between the deformable mirror and the retaining plate for modulating the compressive force, as claimed.

Specifically regarding claim 18, LaFiandra (6011639) teaches the state of the art of an adaptive optics system.

But, LaFiandra fails to explicitly teach forming the electrode surface comprises: masking an electrode pattern on a back surface of the deformable mirror, the electrode pattern defining a plurality of electrode segments; depositing a conductive layer on the back surface to form the plurality of electrode segments; forming the insulating layer on the electrode surface comprises: masking an insulator pattern over the electrode segments, the insulator pattern exposing at least a portion of each electrode segment; depositing an insulating material over the electrode segments according to the insulator pattern; and forming the conductive traces on the insulating layer comprises: masking a trace pattern for defining a plurality of connections, each connection from an exposed location of an electrode segment to a location in a perimeter region of the deformable mirror; and depositing conductive material to form a plurality of conductive traces according to the trace pattern, as claimed.

Conclusion

Art Unit: 2873

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph P. Martinez whose telephone number is 571-272-2335. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:00 AM to 3:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Georgia Y. Epps can be reached on 571-272-2328. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JPM 5-19-05

Hung Xuan Dang Primary Examiner